- 1. Start with filling out the BLUE boxes that apply.
- 2. Then go to the DARK YELLOW boxes.
- 3. If they apply, fill out the LIGHT YELLOW boxes.
- 4. The GREEN boxes will tell you if they:
 - 1. Qualify for the exemption (Code "A"),
 - 2. Qualify for the hardship (Code "G"), or
 - 3. If they are subject to the penalty (Shared Responsibility Payment).

You will need:

- 1. Lowest cost self-only employer insurance for EACH person eligible for employer insurance,
- 2. Lowest cost family employer insurance for EACH person eligible for employer insurance,
- 3. Amount of pre-tax employer insurance PAID (if any) and
- 4. If somebody in household is NOT eligible for employer insurance (even through a 'family' plan), you need information from the Healthcare Marketplace:
 - 1. The lowest Bronze plan for the part of the 'family' that is NOT able receive any employer-based insurance, and
 - 2. The Second Lowest Cost Silver Plan, for the part of the 'family' that is NOT able receive any employer-based insurance.
 - 1. For most States, these will be posted on <u>Healthcare.gov</u> (click the links). For other States, you may need to contact your State's Healthcare Marketplace. For an unofficial source, try this website.

Disclaimer #1: This is just a self-created tool to determine if somebody qualifies for the exemption (or hardship) from the penalty because health insurance was over 8% of their income for the year. I can not verify it's accuracy. If you find an error, please contact me so I can correct it.

Disclaimer #2: I do not know the complex calculations in Excel. Some of you may look at my calculations and know of an easier, better way to have done so. However, I think all the calculations should be accurate.

Disclaimer #3: This does NOT cover situations when a dependent is eligible for employer insurance.





